

[Unità di Crisi](#)

Ministero degli Affari Esteri
e della Cooperazione Internazionale

[ITA](#)

ENG

Survey result

Here is your answer

1. **You are entering Italy from...**
Your answer: "**PORTUGAL**"
2. **Where have you been in the 14 days prior to your attempt to enter Italy?**
Your answer: "**PORTUGAL**"
3. **Are you a citizen of the European Union (Italian citizens included) or of a Schengen Country or their family member?**
Your answer: "**yes**"
4. **Are you a holder of long-term residence status in Italy or are you a family member of the latter, also resident in Italy?**
Your answer: "**no**"

[Lists of States and Territories](#)[Download IMMUNI](#)

(A, B, C, D, E)

Based on your answers, **you can enter Italy**. Read carefully the information provided below.

Prime Ministerial Decree of March 2, 2021 and **Order of July 29, 2021 of the Minister of Health** (extended with Order of August 28, 2021) set forth provisions for travelling abroad until October 25, 2021.

In order to enter/return to Italy, you must:

- fill out a [digital Passenger Locator Form](#) (only in case of lack of necessary tools to fill out the dPLF, you can use a paper-based [self-declaration](#)) and present it to the carrier or any other authorised person, either printed or on your mobile device;
- present to the carrier and any other authorised person, an [EU digital Covid Certificate](#) or equivalent certificate showing proof that you have either:
 - **been vaccinated against COVID-19** with an EMA authorised vaccine and you have completed the prescribed vaccination cycle since at least fourteen days;
 - **received a negative result of a molecular or antigenic test** carried out in the 48 hours before your arrival;
 - **recovered from COVID-19** and you are no longer under prescription of self-isolation.

If you enter Italy without a dPLF and a certificate, you must:

- inform your local Health Authority
- **self-isolate for five (5) days**
- undergo a **molecular or antigenic test**, carried out by means of a swab, at the end of the 5-day self-isolation.

Border Officers in Italy may always request that you fill out a paper-based self-statement upon arrival.

Further containment measures may be adopted at national and/or regional level depending on the risk assessment carried out on a regular basis by the Ministry of Health. **You can find useful information on local restrictions on the website of the Ministry of Health, by clicking [Containment Measures in Italy](#).**

ENTRY OF MINORS

In addition to cases of exemption already mentioned in the relevant paragraph:

1. Molecular or antigenic test

- Children from 0 to 5 years of age do not have to undergo a molecular or antigenic test.
- From 6 up to 17 years of age: the test is mandatory, if requested according to the relevant rules depending on the history of travel in the 14 days prior to entering Italy.

2. Self-isolation

- From 0 to 17 years of age, minors are exempt from the requirement of self-isolation if they are accompanied by a parent who is also exempt from such requirement because of the possession of a certificate of vaccination (or a certificate of recovery, if applicable based on the history of travel in the previous 14 days).

EXEMPTIONS

As per Order of July 29, 2021, the following categories of travellers may be fully or partially exempt from the requirements of an EU Digital Covid Certificate, self-isolation and subsequent test.

I. FULL EXEMPTION from the requirements of pre-departure testing/Certificate, self-isolation and subsequent testing

Provided that they do not show any symptoms compatible with Covid-19, the following travellers are exempt from the requirements under title I, but they are still required to fill out a Passenger Locator Form (dPLF).

1. Crew and travel personnel/hauliers;
2. People travelling to/from Countries in List A;
3. Cross-border workers;
4. Pupils and students to attend a course of study in a country other than their country of residence, dwelling or abode, to which they return every day or at least once a week;
5. **Any person entering Italy for a period not exceeding 120 hours due to proven needs of work, health or absolute urgency**, with the obligation, on expiry of that period, to leave the national territory immediately or, failing that, to begin the period of surveillance and fiduciary isolation;
6. Any person **transiting, by private means**, through Italian territory for a period not exceeding **36 hours**, with the obligation, at the end of that period, to leave the national territory immediately or, failing that, to begin the period of surveillance and trustee isolation in accordance with paragraphs 1 to 5 of Prime Ministerial Decree of March 2, 2021;
7. Any person returning to Italy after a stay abroad of less than 48 hours and at a distance of less than 60 km from their home/domicile/residence in Italy, provided that they travel by private means of transportation.
8. Any person remaining in Italy for less than 48 hours, in areas of the national territory no further than 60 km from their home/residence/domicile abroad, provided that they travel by private means of transportation.

Only travellers listed under points 7 and 8 are not required to fill out a dPLF either.

II. PARTIAL EXEMPTION from the requirements of self-isolation and subsequent testing

Provided that they do not show any symptoms compatible with Covid-19, the following travellers are exempt from the requirements under title II, but they are still required to fill out a Passenger Locator Form and to take a pre-departure test taken 48 or 72 hours before entering Italy or present a Covid certificate, depending on their travel history.

- **Personnel of companies and institutions with registered or secondary offices in Italy for travel abroad for proven work requirements of no more than 120 hours**
- **Officials and other servants**, however, they may be called, of the European Union or international

organisations, **diplomatic agents**, administrative and technical staff of diplomatic missions, consular officials and employees, personnel of the Security Information System of the Republic and fire brigade workers, military and police staff in the performance of their duties.

- Health personnel entering Italy for the exercise of professional health qualifications, including the temporary exercise referred to in Article 13 of Decree-Law no. 18 of 17 March 2020.
- Citizens or residents of Countries in List A, B, C or D, travelling for proven work reasons for more than 120 hours.
- **Passengers of "Covid-tested" flights**, as defined by the Minister of Health with Order of November 23 2020. **For further information on "Covid-tested" flights, kindly contact your airline.**
- Travellers entering Italy for work reasons regulated by special security protocols, approved by the relevant health authority;
- Travellers entering Italy for non-deferrable reasons, **authorized by the Italian Ministry of Health**, with a certificate of a molecular or antigenic test carried out by means of a swab in the 48 hours before entering Italy, with negative result. Click [here](#) for further information.
- Athletes, commissioners, referees, foreign press and alike, irrespective of their travel history, entering Italy to take part in sporting events of national interest, as defined by Order of July 29, 2021.

A Few Examples

An Italian national has to undergo surgery in Italy, for an overall stay of 3 days. The Italian national is resident in Tunisia and travels from there. In this case, the person is not required to take a test or stay in self-isolation, but is still required to fill out a digital Passenger Locator Form. After 3 days, and in any case after 120 hours, he/she must leave national territory or self-isolate.

A Mexican national residing in the United States and travelling from the latter has to enter Italy for an important business meeting, for an overall stay of 4 days. The Mexican national is not required to self-isolate or to take a molecular test but he/she must fill out a digital Passenger Locator form. After 4 days or after a maximum of 120 hours, he/she must leave national territory or self-isolate.

An Australian national currently residing in South Africa seeks entry into Italy as he/she has been hired by a local company. The Australian national must take a molecular or antigenic test 72 hours before entering Italy and fill out a digital Passenger Locator Form, but he/she is not required to self-isolate once in Italy, regardless of the duration of his/her stay in Italy for work-related reasons.

Any employee (regardless of their nationality) of a company registered in Italy has to travel to Ethiopia in order to oversee a purchase for a client, for no longer than 5 days. Upon his/her return, he/she is required to take a molecular or antigenic test carried out in the 72 hours prior to entering Italy and fill out a digital Passenger Locator Form.

OTHER USEFUL INFORMATION

Since January 2020, the World has been witnessing the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic. All travellers intending to go abroad should be aware that any travel, during this time, may pose a **health risk**, regardless of their destination or purpose of the trip. If you are required to undergo a COVID-19 test to enter/return to Italy, you must **take into consideration that you could test positive**. Should that be the case, you are not allowed to travel by commercial means and **you are subject to local quarantine procedures and containment measures**. These procedures apply also to **those who are identified as "contacts"** by local health authorities, depending on local rules and regulations. **Travellers who test positive to Covid-19 and their contacts**, as defined by local authorities, **must follow local rules on quarantine and movement restrictions**. We recommend that any traveller **plan their trip thoroughly**, taking into account the **chance of having to extend their stay overseas**, as well as the need for a **comprehensive health insurance** that can cover risks connected to COVID-19.

During your stay in Italy, even if you fall into one of the categories above, should any flu-like symptoms compatible with COVID-19 arise, you must report it immediately to the local Health Authority, by calling dedicated local numbers. While waiting for further Health Authority decisions, you must put yourself in self-isolation.

[Here](#) you can find useful information and contact numbers provided by the **Italian Ministry of Health**.

Before embarking on a trip to Italy, make sure that your Region of destination has no further measures in place. [Here](#) you can find their websites. Useful contacts are available [here](#).

For health related queries, kindly contact [local Health Authorities](#) in your region.

For queries related to borders and border crossing, kindly contact Border Police of the designated point of entry/exit or [local "Prefettura"](#).

The result of the questionnaire does not guarantee entry into the Country, which is always subject to the assessment of Italian Border Officers (Ministry of Interior). The questionnaire has no legal value.

USE OF GREEN PASS IN ITALY. WHEN AND WHERE:

As of August 6, 2021, Italian Authorities have established the **mandatory requirement of a "Green Pass" or EU Digital Covid Certificate or equivalent* certificate** recognized by the Italian Authorities, for any person aged 12 and above, in Italy, wishing to:

- access any indoor dining services;
- take part in public events, including cinemas, theatres and sporting events;
- visit museums and other cultural institutions;
- attend swimming pools, gyms, Spas, wellness and thermal centres, theme and amusement parks, cultural and leisure centres, casinos, gaming halls;
- attend exhibitions, trade fairs, conferences and congresses.

As of September 1, a "Green Pass" or EU Digital Covid Certificate, or equivalent* certificate recognized by the Italian Authorities will be compulsory also to board:

- airplanes;
- ships and ferries for inter-regional transportation (not including ferry connections in the Strait of Messina);
- High speed trains (such as Intercity or Freccie);
- Buses for inter-regional transportation;
- Chartered buses with driver.

A Green Pass to be used for the aforesaid purposes must show proof of either having received one dose of vaccine; or of a negative result of a molecular or antigenic test carried out in the previous 48 hours; or of having recovered from Covid-19 in the previous 6 months. Kindly note that **a certificate proving that you have received the first dose of a two-dose vaccine (meaning that you are waiting for the second dose) will not be enough to enter Italy from abroad. Such a certificate is valid only once in Italy.** Holders of a vaccination certificate issued by the Health Authorities of the Republic of San Marino are temporarily exempt from the previously mentioned Green Pass requirements, until October 15, 2021, in accordance with article 6 of Legislative Decree of August 6, 2021, n. 111.

*Currently, according to the Italian Ministry of Health, **equivalent certificates for national purposes** are those issued by Health Authorities in Countries listed in List D, and Israel, if they respond to all requirements set forth by the Italian Ministry of Health. Not all equivalent certificates are sufficient to enter Italy without further requirements. For country-specific information on how to enter Italy from abroad, kindly follow the information provided in the paragraphs above as the **"Green Pass in Italy" rules apply only to people who are already in Italy.**

PREVIOUS

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